THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO. | ATLANTA, GEORGIA, THURSDAY, JUNE 12, 1873. | VOLUME V—NUMBER 279

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

ATLANTA, JUNE 12, 1873.

From Yesterday's Evening Edition

CHOLERA.

A Slight Lull in the Harvest of Death Yesterday.

To-Day's Indications Bad.

Special to THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

NASHVILLE, June 11, 1873.

There were sixteen deaths from cholera yesterday. The best informed thought the epidemic was abating yesterday afternoon; but the same persons now think it is spreading.

The papers keep as quiet as possible on the subject, and there seems to be a general disposition in the city to suppress the facts. The true state of affairs can only be ascertained by personal observation.

The weather continues wet and disagreeable. B.

The Mysterious Fiend of the Ganges.

Facts, Not Fiction.

[Last news from Nashville by mail.]

The Nashville papers are very chary of cholera items. No especial mention is made of Mrs. Judge Gant's death, or of Rev. Wm. S. Boyce, Rector of the Church of the Holy Trinity, who officiated Sunday, preaching and holding service as usual, and was taken on the following morning.

The Banner of Sunday says:

A large number of people departed yesterday, all the trains being crowded. It is expected that there will be a greater exodus to-day and to-morrow.

In view of the fact that its sessions had been closed, W. E. Ward did a very sensible thing in dismissing his school yesterday, that all his boarding pupils might go home.

The Union and American makes a specialty of the interments:

SATURDAY.

The interments amounted to twenty-five, of which one was from old age, one from consumption, one child still born, one child from exposure and twenty-one from cholera. This is comparatively a small number of deaths at this season of the year, which is usually sickly.

SUNDAY.

Whites—James Rice, corner of Spruce and Fay.

Mrs. Captain John Cartwright, South Summer.

Child of Mrs. S. Powell, Jefferson street, near Hasleen's quarry.

Child of James Sloster, Spruce street.

Child of Martin Trefier, border of Ewing and Cedar streets.

A. Alder, Broad street.

Mrs. Cabler, corner of High and Ash streets.

Child of John Strong, teething and summer complaint.

Whites, 9; colored, 10; total, 18.

MONDAY.

Warren.—Joseph Fells, over Metz's store, South Market street.

M. B. Boyce, Rector of Trinity Church, corner of High and Lincoln alley.

Child of Richard Wilson, corner of High and South Union.

Child of Robert Bell, South Cherry.

Wife of Judge John C. Gant, High street.

Mr. McFarland, Ash street.

Child of Mrs. Pohl, 9th ward.

E. Lonsaney, Cedar street.

Child of Caspar Spillman, 10th district, outside of city, still born.

Fanny Frazier, Church street, between College and Market, consumption.

Child of Dr. Cobb, South High, near Broad.

Jane Keely, South Cherry, child still born.

Whites, 12; colored, 12; whole number 24. Add death of a convict at the penitentiary, makes 25. Of this number, five died of other diseases than cholera or cholera morbus.

CLOSING OF HOTELS.

The St Charles Hotel was closed Monday and the proprietor and his family left for Trousdale county.

The St. Cloud also closed last night for want of patronage since the alarm about cholera.

The people are fleeing to the mountains. Every train is overcloaded.

The following Nashville items give an idea of the situation:

Disinfect your premises daily.

Sensible people do not take any strawberries in their's now.

The general sentiment of the people is "Death to the porkers."

The scavenger force was out yesterday cleaning up the city in good earnest.

A vat was made on the drug stores yesterday for disinfectants. The people mean business.

A STEAMER BURNED.—Miss Sallie R. Mallory, of Bardstown, Kentucky, has sent to the trustees of the Public Library a relic recently from the far-off Kingdom of Siam. It was brought from there by an uncle of the donor. It is a copy of the Chinese Bible or Holy Book, and consists of a bundle of very thin strips of bamboo, twenty-eight of which are covered with writing in the peculiar characters used in that country, and five blank strips, three on one side, and two on the other, form the cover of the book. The whole is held together by a silk cord with a tassel. The strips are somewhat over a foot in length, constituting a page of the book. The strips are twenty-eight inches long by one and a-quarter inch wide, and the characters on them are deliciously but clearly traced, and appear to be so arranged as to read up and down, or lengthwise of the pages, instead of from side to side as in English volumes.

☞ San Francisco Bulletin: "Leprosy among the Chinese of this city is nothing new. As early as the year 1850 a Chinese was seen on Kearney street, and taken in charge by the authorities, who had him removed a safe distance from the business part of the city. Since then leprosy has frequently showed itself in the Chinese quarter, but it has generally been mistaken for some other loathsome disease."

☞ One of the civil service rules partly abolished, and now only awaiting promulgation, is that females shall not be allowed to compete for positions in the department where nine hundred dollars per annum is the law provides for their appointment to places with such salaries; and but for this it is supposed by some that they would be barred altogether.

☞ A debtor in the eastern part of the State received a postal card which read: "Please find enclosed my check for $100, which you will place to my credit and oblige." To which the debtor replied, and is reported of Josh Billings' letter which read: "Back yer please find $3 W[illegible]

"Hey Jinks," said a little red headed girl, with a pug nose and bare feet, "mother says you must wash her big boddice and petticoat and 3 this crust with vinegar, puttin a little salt soap in this pan; and please not kill your turkey-gobblers roost on our fence."

MISCELLANEOUS.

Obituary of Stale News.

The boys spend the "shinney" season on Friday night in style.—Robert Eppinger, the Ordinary of Pike county, died on Sunday of typhoid fever.—Mr. P. S. Fitch severed his connection with the Star, on the 10th inst. He leaves the paper in a flourishing condition. Mr. R. P. Speer takes his place. Star.

COLUMBUS.

In three days Columbus has warehoused about twice as many bales of cotton as she did the entire corresponding week of last year.—The remains of young Amanda Wright, drowned while bathing at Oxford, were brought here and buried on Monday. The attendance at the funeral was large, and much sympathy expressed for the family of the deceased in their sad bereavement.—Enq.

DORSEY.

Mrs. Martha A. Wilder died on last Friday at the residence of her husband, William Wilder. She was sixty years of age and a member of the Baptist Church.—The citizens are being muchly exercised over the present condition of their roads. They held a meeting last Wednesday and appointed committees to sit on the various roads leading to Forsyth, and to keep sitting till they be repaired.—Advertiser.

MACON.

The Superior Court met Monday, with Hon. Herschel V. Johnson on the bench. Civil business occupied the day.—The heavy rain of Sunday washed away a large portion of the bridge on the Macon and Augusta Road, over a branch of Fishing Creek, four miles beyond Haddock's Station. It will be repaired in time for Wednesday's trains.—Messrs. J. W. Burke & Co. have on exhibition a very handsome painting executed by Miss Lila Rose, of this city. The subject is Pandora, and is admirably conceived.—The dogs did their last free trotting around yesterday. To-day, woe unto the dog that is caught without a badge.—A careless wagon driver ran over an old lady on Cotton avenue, Monday morning. The old lady got up and walked off declining any assistance. The wagon will have to be repaired.—Most of the railroads running into Macon will pass visitors to the fair at half rates.—Edwin A. Belcher, the man postmaster, took charge of the office on Monday. No changes among the employees will be made, at least, for the present.—Telegraph and Messenger.

SAVANNAH.

Six darkies got religion in the Methodist Church, but insisted on being immersed. The whole party, attended by the pastor of St. Philip's Church, repaired to the canal where the applicants were dipped in the good old-fashioned Baptist style.—The Marshal Hose Company are making arrangements to have a big celebration of their anniversary.—The News is in trouble. A difference of opinion has arisen between the proprietor and the printers, and the latter have struck. The editors have gone to the cases, and Harris, instead of setting up jokes, is setting up types.—An interesting sail boat race came off at the Isle of Hope on Monday, between the Dauntless, sailed by Mr. Martin Tufts, and the Anna W., sailed by Major A. Bonnd—distance three miles. The race was won by the Dauntless. Large crowd in attendance. The young boys of the city have organized a company called the "Young Jasper Greens." They will make their first appearance on the 23d.—A negro went bathing in the Savannah River, and while in the water somebody stole his clothes. The nigger was surprised, but not to be put down. Putting a coffee sack over his head he repaired to the city, offering 25 cents for a suit of clothes. He made a sensation.—Advertiser and Republican.

BY TELEGRAPH

TO THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

Captain Jack Denies Killing Canby.

The Excitement in Nashville Abating.

Arrival of the Remains of Minister Orr.

The Cholera Increasing in Memphis.

WASHINGTON.

VAN BUREN INVESTIGATIONS.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—The State Department will furnish a copy of the investigations regarding Van Buren to that gentleman, who can make what use of it he pleases. An official report will be given to the next Congress, but the State Department will withhold it from the press.

COMMISSIONER SCHULTZ.

writes that the American Department of the Vienna Exposition will be completed by the 15th day of June, which is not the case with any other nation.

NEW YORK.

TO BE TOWED TO THIS CITY.

NEW YORK, June 11.—The steamer George Washington will proceed to the Bahamas and tow the steamer Cromwell here.

OFF FOR NORFOLK.

Rev. Drs. Bellows and Taylor, Howard Patter, Prof. Hitchcock, J. E. Williams and others, left by the steamer Wyanock for Norfolk, to attend the examination exercises of Hampton Normal Agricultural Institute, on the 12th. Miss Mary Carpenter accompanied them.

CAPTAIN JACK SPEAKS.

A Modoc special says: Captain Jack, in his interview with General Davis, said Bogus Charley and Shacknasty Jim called General Canby out; and that Allen David, a Klimath Chief, advised them to kill General Canby, so he did it. I am telling the truth; I did not kill him. I had it done, but did not do it. I don't lie. Bring the men that saw me do this thing. I want to face them. If I had my chains off I would tell all the men who did these things.

MINISTER ORR'S REMAINS.

The remains of the late Minister Orr landed from a steamer at 11 o'clock this morning. They were received by the Knights Templar and a detachment of the police force, and taken to the city hall, where they will lie in state in the Governor's room.

TENNESSEE.

THE CHOLERA.

MEMPHIS, June 11.—The cholera is undoubtedly increasing. There were eighteen interments to-day against eleven yesterday, while the undertakers have received—at six o'clock to-night—orders for fourteen burials to-morrow.

STORM.

The weather continues cloudy and rainy. Hon. Jacob T. Thompson, Secretary of the Interior under President Buchanan, who is now living in this city, is dangerously ill with the cholera.

STORM.

The most severe rain and thunder storm ever known here raged about 10 o'clock last night, accompanied by an immense sheet of electricity. In an hour and a half 3.20 inches of rain fell. It is feared that great damage has been done to the planting interests in the adjacent country, but the sanitary condition is greatly improved.

RECOVERING.

Hon. Jacob Thompson is recovering from his attack of cholera.

CASES OF CHOLERA FEWER AND MILDER.

NASHVILLE, June 12.—The excitement about cholera is abating. The weather has turned unusually cool, and, contrary to the expectations of the physicians, the prevailing sickness shows fewer and lighter cases. Forty-five deaths is the number reported to-day, the first time for many days that it has fallen below fifty. Of any of the cases here proving fatal in the past few days, where patients were promptly consulted.

DELAWARE.

WEST ACQUITTED.

DOVER, June 11.—In the West murder case the jury rendered a verdict of acquittal on the ground of self-defense.

The remains of a negro, mutilated for anatomical purposes, was found to-day. West's office. Before putting the body to the use Dr. West killed the negro, as the jury agree in self-defense.

OHIO.

FATAL ACCIDENT.

STEUBENVILLE, June 11.—Four children exploded a can of powder left by some miners in a cupboard. Three of them were killed and one fatally wounded. The parents were absent.

MAINE.

DROWNED.

BATH, June 11.—Two children, aged eight and thirteen, were drowned while fishing today.

PENNSYLVANIA.

EXPLOSION—LOSS OF LIFE.

SHAMAKIN, June 11.—An explosion has occurred in the Henry Clay colliery, killing eight persons—the bodies of whom have been brought out. There were fifty persons in the slope at the time of the explosion, but only thirty five are known to have made their escape.

UTAH.

PRISONERS RELEASED.

SALT LAKE, June 11.—The Territorial Court have released the prisoners confined for the violation of the municipal liquor law. The court enjoined the city authorities from enforcing the ordinance until its legality was decided. Young advocated the enforcement of the total prohibition by the City Council. The entire audience sustained the proposition by the raising of hands.

SPAIN.

MADRID, June 11.—The mutiny in command of General Velardi arose from superceding a Captain. Twelve hundred of the troops remained faithful and retired with the General to Tortosa.

Orense resigns the Presidency of the Cortes.

Figueras reports himself unable to form a cabinet. The crisis continues. Funds are depressed.

FRANCE.

PARIS, June 11.—A recent test vote upon an exciting question indicated the Conservative coalition unbroken.

Financial and Commercial

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, June 11.—Cotton steady; uplands 19½; Orleans 20½; sales 977 bales.

Cotton—Sales for future delivery to-day opened as follows: July 19 11-16a19½; August 19 13-16a19½. September 18 13-16.

Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat rather steady. Corn a shade firmer. Pork quiet, steady and nominal at $16 75. Lard dull and heavy; western steam 8 15-16a9. Turpentine dull at 45. Rosin dull at $3 for strained. Freights quiet.

Stocks dull and heavy. Gold dull at 17½. Money firm at 6a6. Exchange—long 9¾; short 9½. Governments dull and steady. State bonds quiet.

Arrived out—California.

LONDON, June 10.—Consols 92¾. Fives 89 1-2.

PARIS, June 11.—Rentes 56f. 80c.

LATER—Rentes 56f. 90c.

LIVERPOOL, June 11—noon.—Cotton opened firmer; uplands 8 7-8; Orleans 9 1-8.

LATER.—Cotton firm with an upward tendency; sales 15,000 bales; speculation and export 4,000.

STILL LATER—Savannah and Charleston, July delivery 8 13-16; July and August 8 15-16; Orleans May and June shipments 9; June delivery 9 1-16; August and September 9½.

Breadstuffs dull.

Market Reports—From Chamber of Commerce.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE,
ATLANTA, June 11, 1873.

Cotton—Middling, 17; low middling, 15½a16; good ordinary, 14; ordinary, 11.

Flour—Fancy, $10 50a11; extra family, $10a10 25; family $9 25a9 50; extra $8a9 20; superfine, $6 50a7 50; fine $4a6.

Wheat—Red, $1 75; white, $1 90.

Corn—Yellow, 78c by car load, and white 80c.

Meal, 80a82½.

Lard—Tierce, 10½a11; keg, 11½; buckets, 11½a12.

Bacon—Clear sides, 11 1-4; clear rib, 11; shoulders, 9½.

Bulk—Clear sides, 10 1-2; clear rib, 10 1-4.

Hay—Timothy, $1 60a1 75; clover, $1 55 a165.

Oats 55.

The above quotations represent wholesale prices, and are to-day approved by the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce.

Atlanta Wholesale Price Current.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, June 11, 3 o'clock, P. M.

REMARKS.—Weather cloudy. Business exhibits but little activity, and we have but few changes to note in quotations.

Cotton firm at 16½17.

Exchange—Buying at par, sellipr at ¼ premium.

Money, 1a1½ per cent.

Gold—Buying at 1 16, selling at 1 18.

Silver—Buying 1 06, selling 1 10.

New Vegetables—New Irish potatoes 5 per quart. Beets 10a15. Onions 10a15. Cabbage per head 10a25. Carrots per bunch 5. Turnips 5. Radishes 10. Lettuce 5a10. Soupsnuf 10. Cucumbers 30c per dozen. Green Peas 12½ per peck. Snap Beans 25 per peck. No change in other quotations.

Corn Meal 80a82.

Eggs—10 quote from wagons 15½.

Chickens—Grown, 25a30c; spring, 15a20.

Butter 30a50c.

Sugar—Crushed 13½; powdered 13½; granulated 13. Extra C 12½; yellow C 11½; brown 10½a11 1-2.

Salt—Liverpool $3 20a3 30. Virginia $2. Molasses—Hogsheads 37, barrels 39; New Orleans syrup 75a80.

Candles—Full weights 20 1-2a21.

Coffee—Java 27a30; Mocs 25a26; Rio 22½ 25.

Tallow 8a8 1-2; beeswax 25.

Bonds and Stocks—Georgia 6s, 79-79 7s, 65a65½; new Georgia bonds at the state Treasury, 70; Atlanta city bonds, 7s, 90 payable, 91; Atlanta city bonds, 8s, 90 a93. Augusta, 82a85. Georgia Railroad stock, 95a97; Georgia Rail Road bonds, 95a95. Atlanta and West Point Railroad stock, 93a95; Atlanta and West Point Railroad bonds, 91a92. Macon and Western Railroad bonds, 90a91. Bonds city 6s, 85a87. Savannah, 85.

Cotton Goods—Graniteville—4 sheetings, 9 per yard, 7-8 sheetings 11 1-2 per yard, 4-4 sheetings 13 1-2 per yard, 5-4 drills 15 per yard, 6-4 drills 18 per yard. Augusta—4-4 sheetings 11 per yard, 7-8 drill 12 per yard, 4-4 sheetings 13 1-2 per yard, 7-8 drill 15 per yard. Massena—7-8 shirtings 10 1-2, 4-4 sheetings 12 per yard, 6 oz. osnaburgs 16 1-2. Alabama and Georgia—7-8 shirtings 10 1-2 per yard, 4-4 sheetings 12 per yard. Georgia—7-8 shirtings 10 per yard, Chattahoochee—4-4 sheetings 10½ per yard, Athens—Cotton 14 1-2 per yard, stripes 13 per yard, yarns, all numbers, $1 80 per bunch. Trion—8 oz. osnaburgs 16 1-2 per yard, 8 oz. ducks and stripes 20 per yard. Richmond—Light osnaburgs 13 per yard, stripes 14 per yard. Annawaka—Cotton rope, all sizes, 20 per pound. Eagle and Phœnix—Sewing thread, all Nos., 60 per pound. Willcoxsons—Cotton yarns, all Nos., $1 55 per bunch, knitting cotton 70 per pound. Woodstock—Cotton yarns, all Nos., $1 55 per bunch. Clinton woolen goods—Spring and summer cassimeres 45a75; winter cassimeres 90a$1 25; jeans 75a93.

Roswell Mills—4-4 sheeting 12½c; 7-8 11c. yarns $1 50; sewing and knitting thread 50c.

Prints—Wamsutta, 8; Bedford, 8; Amoskeag, 8½; Arnold, 10; Albions, 11; Merrimack, 11; Pacific, 11; Lancaster, 11.

Hardware—Nails, per keg, 10d to 60d $5 75; 8d, 6 00; 6d, 6 25; 4d, 6 50; 3d, 7 75; fine 9 25; finishing, different kinds of corresponding numbers, 75 cents on above prices. Iron—Tire, 1 1-2 in. 5½ by 1 1-2, 6 00; smaller sizes 50c advance; rod 12. Axes—Collin's $14 00a15 00; Shovels, Ames's $15 50; Roland's $13 00; Stone's $13 50; solid cast steel, P. R., 18. Coffee mills 3 75a10 00. Cast steel 22; springs 22, axles 10a11; sad irons 7; horse shoes 8 00; mule shoes 9 00; horse shoe nails 20a30; I. B. hammers 8 00.

Tobacco—Common sound stock, winter work 43; medium 1872, summer work 48a50; medium bright 55a60; fine as above, according to grade, 60a75; W. D. Stultz's A.A.A.A. about exhausted; 1 10 bright navy 6s 55a60; black navy 50a52; J. Whitted, ambrosia, 4 oz. 75a80; Corbin's No. 1 80a85.

Liquors—No change to quote, a fair supply in market. Corn whisky $1 00a2 00; Rye 1 00a6 00. Redstone county—2 00a2 50; Bourbon 1 00a2 00; Irish and Scotch 4 00a6 00; gin 1 25a5 00; rum 1 50a8 00; Champaigne 20 00a45 00 basket, wines, various brands, 1 75a8 00.

Paints and Oils—Kerosene, 32c 2nd; 41c 47a48. Linseed, raw, $1 10; boiled, 1 15 a1 60; Japan brown, 2 30a3 40; asphaltum, 1 25a1 35; coach, extra No. 1, 2 50a2 75; English Varnishes, 4 75a8 00, according to quality. Chrome green and yellow, in bulk, 18. White lead, Sunny South, strictly pure, 11 50 by the ton. Yellow ochre, 3 50; Spanish brown, 5 00. Castor oil, 21c. per lb; fish oil, 75a80.

Powder and Shot—Rifle, F. F. F. G., per keg, $7 50; half, 4 15; quarter, 2 35; canister, F. F. F. G., 1 lb., per case 25 lbs., 15 00; American, 21 00; electric, No. 1, 2, 3, 30 00; 5 lbs. canister, per canister, 2 50; duck, sporting, 4 00; blasting powder, bright grazed, 1 f. 2 f, 3 f, 5 25.

TAKE SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR

THIS unrivalled Southern Remedy is warranted not to contain a single particle of MERCURY, or any injurious mineral substance, but is

PURELY VEGETABLE,

containing those Southern Roots and Herbs, which an all-wise Providence has placed in countries where Liver Diseases most prevail. It will Cure all Diseases caused by Derangement of the Liver.

The SYMPTOMS of Liver Complaint are a bitter taste in the mouth; Pain in the Back, Sides or Joints, often mistaken for Rheumatism; Sour Stomach; Loss of Appetite; Bowels alternatively costive and loose; Sick Headache, with a painful sensation of having failed to do something which ought to have been done; Debility, Low Spirits, a thick yellow appearance of the Skin and Eyes, sometimes mistaken for Jaundice. Sometimes many of these symptoms attend the disease, at others very few; but the Liver, the largest organ in the body, is generally the seat of the disease, and if not Regulated in time, great suffering, wretchedness and DEATH will ensue.

This Great, Unfailing SPECIFIC will not be found the Least Unpleasant.

It is Purely Vegetable, containing no Mercury, Minerals or Poisonous Drugs.

For DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, Jaundice, Sick Headache, SICK STOMACH, Colic, Depression of Spirits, SOUR STOMACH, Heart Burn, &c., &c., &c.,

Simmons' Liver Regulator, or Medicine,

Is the Cheapest, Purest and Best Family Medicine in the World!

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

J. H. ZEILIN & CO.,
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Price, $1 00. Sold by all Druggists.

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Roswell Mills—4-4 sheeting 12½c; 7-8 11c. yarns $1 50; sewing and knitting thread 50c.

Prints—Wamsutta, 8; Bedford, 8; Amoskeag, 8½; Arnold, 10; Albions, 11; Merrimack, 11; Pacific, 11; Lancaster, 11.

Hardware—Nails, per keg, 10d to60d $5 75; 8d, 6 00; 6d, 6 25; 4d, 6 50; 3d, 7 75; fine 9 25; finishing, different kinds of corresponding numbers, 75 cents on above prices. Iron—Tire, 1 1-2 in. 5½ by 1 1-2, 6 00; smaller sizes 50c advance; rod 12. Axes—Collin's $14 00a15 00; Shovels, Ames's $15 50; Roland's $13 00; Stone's $13 50; solid cast steel, P. R., 18. Coffee mills 3 75a10 00. Cast steel 22; springs 22, axles 10a11; sad irons 7; horse shoes 8 00; mule shoes 9 00; horse shoe nails 20a30; I. B. hammers 8 00.

Tobacco—Common sound stock, winter work 43; medium 1872, summer work 48a50; medium bright 55a60; fine as above, according to grade, 60a75; W. D. Stultz's A.A.A.A. about exhausted; 1 10 bright navy 6s 55a60; black navy 50a52; J. Whitted, ambrosia, 4 oz. 75a80; Corbin's No. 1 80a85.

Liquors—No change to quote, a fair supply in market. Corn whisky $1 00a2 00; Rye 1 00a6 00. Redstone county—2 00a2 50; Bourbon 1 00a2 00; Irish and Scotch 4 00a6 00; gin 1 25a5 00; rum 1 50a8 00; Champaigne 20 00a45 00 basket, wines, various brands, 1 75a8 00.

Paints and Oils—Kerosene, 32c 2nd; 41c 47a48. Linseed, raw, $1 10; boiled, 1 15 a1 60; Japan brown, 2 30a3 40; asphaltum, 1 25a1 35; coach, extra No. 1, 2 50a2 75; English Varnishes, 4 75a8 00, according to quality. Chrome green and yellow, in bulk, 18. White lead, Sunny South, strictly pure, 11 50 by the ton. Yellow ochre, 3 50; Spanish brown, 5 00. Castor oil, 21c. per lb; fish oil, 75a80.

Powder and Shot—Rifle, F. F. F. G., per keg, $7 50; half, 4 15; quarter, 2 35; canister, F. F. F. G., 1 lb., per case 25 lbs., 15 00; American, 21 00; electric, No. 1, 2, 3, 30 00; 5 lbs. canister, per canister, 2 50; duck, sporting, 4 00; blasting powder, bright grazed, 1 f. 2 f, 3 f, 5 25.

TAKE SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR

THIS unrivalled Southern Remedy is warranted not to contain a single particle of MERCURY, or any injurious mineral substance, but is

PURELY VEGETABLE,

containing those Southern Roots and Herbs, which an all-wise Providence has placed in countries where Liver Diseases most prevail. It will Cure all Diseases caused by Derangement of the Liver.

The SYMPTOMS of Liver Complaint are a bitter taste in the mouth; Pain in the Back, Sides or Joints, often mistaken for Rheumatism; Sour Stomach; Loss of Appetite; Bowels alternatively costive and loose; Sick Headache, with a painful sensation of having failed to do something which ought to have been done; Debility, Low Spirits, a thick yellow appearance of the Skin and Eyes, sometimes mistaken for Jaundice. Sometimes many of these symptoms attend the disease, at others very few; but the Liver, the largest organ in the body, is generally the seat of the disease, and if not Regulated in time, great suffering, wretchedness and DEATH will ensue.

This Great, Unfailing SPECIFIC will not be found the Least Unpleasant.

It is Purely Vegetable, containing no Mercury, Minerals or Poisonous Drugs.

For DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, Jaundice, Sick Headache, SICK STOMACH, Colic, Depression of Spirits, SOUR STOMACH, Heart Burn, &c., &c., &c.,

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june10—(1sp)pgw1-sqt-m

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LAWYERS.

LLOYD & GOODE, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Montezuma, Georgia. Will practice in the Courts of the Southwestern Circuit and the Supreme Court and Circuit and District Courts of the United States. june10—dlyr

L. D. CARPENTER, DENTIST, NO. 26 WHITEhall street, Atlanta, Ga. janet—dly

LAW OFFICE OF McDANIEL & WHITFIELD, Griffin, Ga. Will practice in Superior Courts of Flint Circuit, in Supreme Court of Georgia, and in United States District Court at Atlanta, and elsewhere by special contract. janet—dly

J. C. FAIN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, CALHOUN, Ga., will practice in all the Courts of the Cherokee Circuit, Supreme Court of Georgia, and United States Court, at Atlanta, Ga. janet—dly

E. J. KIKER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, CALHOUN, GA., will practice in all the Courts of the Cherokee Circuit, Supreme Court of Georgia, and the United States District Court at Atlanta, Ga. janet—dly

S. D. McDONNELL, Attorney at Law, office corner of Whitehall and Hunter streets. Practices in all the Courts in Atlanta Circuit. janet—dly

W. R. RANKIN, Attorney at Law, Calhoun, Georgia. Office—Front room over Bost & Russell's Store. may27—dly

THOMAS SPEER, Lawyer, Atlanta, Georgia.—Is Solicitor General, will attend the Courts of Clarke, Jackson, Walton, Gwinnett, Hall, Banks, Franklin, Habersham, White, Rabun, and give attention to collections and other claims. may28—dly

Z. D. HARRISON, Attorney at Law, will practice in the Supreme Court of Georgia, and the United States District Court, at Atlanta. Office, No. 31 Central Block. janet—dly

JESSE S. THRASHER, Attorney and Counselor at Law, Norcross, Ga., will give strict attention to all business intrusted to his care. Practices promptly in all the Courts. dec30—dly

E. G. SIMMONS, Attorney at Law, Thomaston, Georgia. dec23—dly

JAMES C. HAYNE, Attorney and Counselor at Law and Real Estate Agent, Carrollton, Ga., will practice in the Courts of the Western Circuit, and attend to the Supreme Court at Atlanta. Office first door east of Court House Building. Collections and other business promptly attended to. janet—dly

FRANK G. LOVEJOY, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Fort Valley, Georgia. Will practice in the Courts of the Southwestern Circuit, and also in the Supreme Court at Atlanta. janet—dly

J. A. HURT, Attorney at Law, Thomaston, Georgia. Will practice in the Courts of the Southern Circuit, in the Supreme Court at Atlanta, and in the United States District Court at Macon. Special attention given to collections. janet—dly

LEWIS W. WISEMAN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Fort Valley, Georgia. Will practice in the Courts of the Southwestern Circuit, and also in the Supreme Court at Atlanta. janet—dly

J. A. & J. H. STEPHENS, Attorneys at Law, Carrollton, Georgia. Will practice in the Courts of the Western Circuit, and in the Supreme Court at Atlanta. Special attention given to collections. janet—dly

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DR. R. JAMES, Dentist, Forsyth, Georgia. janet—dly

DR. J. S. HOLLIDAY, Resident Dentist. Office over Post Office, Atlanta, Georgia. janet—dly

SUMMER RESORTS.

TATE SPRINGS,
East Tennessee.

TATE SPRINGS are situated on the line of the Marietta and North Georgia Railroad, in Polk county, East Tennessee, on the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railroad, from which point a daily coach runs to the Springs, a distance of 18 miles. Persons desiring to visit the Springs, or the mountain scenery, in any of the seasons, and desiring to avoid the fatigue and discomfort usually attending such visits, will find the Marietta and North Georgia Railroad the most comfortable route to adopt. The Proprietor desires to acknowledge his thanks to the people of Atlanta and vicinity for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past season, and to announce that he has made extensive improvements in the Springs and Hotel, and is now prepared to accommodate visitors in a manner that will be satisfactory to all. He also returns his thanks to the ladies of Atlanta and vicinity for the kindness manifested by them in the management of the Ladies' Department, and hopes to merit a continuance of their favors.

TERMS PER MONTH.

Arrangements have been made with the principal railroads South for round trip tickets, which may be obtained at all the important and towns.

DAILY ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

Contracts are made with competent and responsible parties to run a daily line of hacks from Marietta to the Springs. The hacks will be new, and of the most comfortable and modern styles, gotten up expressly for this line. They are to leave all passengers at the depot, and look after the comfort and accommodation of all persons passing over their line. The hacks make their trips by day time.

Ladies and families traveling alone will be especially looked after and cared for, and their baggage also.

Hacks leave the Tavley House immediately after the arrival of trains. By this means any express or other packages can be conveyed to or from Marietta to the Springs.

HOUSE ACCOMMODATIONS.

The accommodations are still being extended, so that we hope to be prepared to accommodate all of our guests comfortably. Among the new improvements are

A spacious Ball Room,
A series of

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF STATE, COUNTY AND CITY.

The Largest City, County and State Circulation.

DEFIES REFUTATION

To Lawyers.—A full report of the decisions of the Supreme Court is furnished in THE CONSTITUTION by the Reporter of the Court.

To Correspondents.—We do not read anonymous letters and communications. The name and address of the writer are indispensable. Rejected communications we cannot undertake either to return or preserve.

ATLANTA:

THURSDAY, JUNE 12, 1873.

☞ Hon. A. H. Stephens, editor of the Sun, honored THE CONSTITUTION office with a call yesterday morning. He is in good health and spirits. Mr. Stephens will remain in the city through the present week.

☞ Mayor Estes, of Augusta, has determined to number the people of his ballwick "in the most complete manner." The city has been divided into twenty-one districts for that purpose, and twenty-one men will be detailed from the police force as census takers. The Mayor expects to complete the work in two days; place Augusta at the head of Georgia cities in point of population, and secure a free postal delivery.

The Convention of Governors.

We have, day by day, foreborne commenting, editorially, upon the convention lately held in this city, the meanwhile observing closely the views and opinions of our numerous exchanges upon, not only the convention itself, but the great question also which that body was called upon to discuss. Both have elicited a very unusual amount of public attention, and we are happy to add that in this respect we have not been disappointed.

The need of cheaper means for the exchange of products between the different sections of the country is not only felt, but actually threatens a war, not of words but of fact, between the people and the railroads in portions of the West. Such a result would be damaging, to a fearful extent, upon our commercial interests, and one in which we (the South) would suffer with the rest. Various schemes and projects have been suggested looking to present relief, a cure, or remedy, as the case might be, and all urged with more or less vigor. The convention was called for the purpose of considering this question—THE EVIL AND THE REMEDY—and of ascertaining, if possible, the popular will in the matter. It was called to meet at Atlanta because it was believed that Georgia could offer to the country a route between the West and the sea which would not only meet the wants of that section, but would, at the same time, open what is of infinitely greater importance to the future prosperity of the country, the way to a great home market for our respective products. Some eighteen or twenty States were represented, and it is gratifying to observe the unanimity of sentiment that prevailed. We look upon the action taken as highly important and significant. The meeting was well attended, especially from the South, which had, up to this time, manifested but little interest in the matter. Among the delegates present were some of the best minds in the country. The convention has settled several important points: First—the need of cheaper transportation. Second—that railroads do not and cannot meet our present wants. Third—that transportation by water affords the surest and only hope of relief, and last, but not least, that the government should aid, in some way, the development of the proposed lines.

The action of the body was wonderfully free from party bias or sectional prejudice, and its recommendations are not only practical and common sense, but eminently national and conservative in character. Nobody can read the memorial without being struck with the fact that the convention not only understood the nature of the evil, but also well knew the means by which relief must come. The proposal is mutual in interest and benefit, and presents a neutral territory upon which East and West, North and South, can meet, shake hands and become friends in reality as well as in profession and name. To accomplish any great work requires union of purpose and action, and in the feeling manifested by this convention, we believe the patriot will find the best hope that the bitterness of the past will be forgotten, and that we have taken the first step in the grand onward march of material progress.

It is true that in one or two instances, where some project of purely local interest was overlooked, the press of that particular locality has pronounced the movement a failure, and have endeavored to teach men so. But selfish motives are so apparent that such strictures carry no weight with them, and especially as most of what has been said rests upon mere assertion without fact or argument. The larger portion of the press fully indorse the recommendations made by the convention and give them unqualified approval. The work in which the South is most deeply interested, the Atlantic and Great Western Canal, has been, without an exception, pronounced an enterprise of national importance and necessity, and the declaration is general that *it must and will be built.* This we confess is a source of great satisfaction to us, and we are disposed on that account to look more leniently on those who attack it solely upon the ground that "it has a corporation behind it," and this is the *only* ground of attack that we have yet seen. And we will just here remind our people that but for that corporation and the men who compose it, the great canal never would have been heard of, nor would Georgia to-day have even the prospect of becoming the great thoroughfare of trade for the West.

The argument, even against the corporation so far developed, amounts only to this: that the parties making the attack cannot see how it is possible for any body to have a chance to steal and not do it. What precise effect this kind of argument will have upon the public mind, we are not exactly prepared to say. One thing, however, is patent, their estimate of human nature is not flattering to the rest of mankind, however just it may be to that portion of it of which they have an undoubted right to judge.

There is nothing in this world without its proper use. It is said that the cackling of geese once saved Rome from destruction, and that that bird was ever after honored for the fact, although we are not advised that it was any more respected for its wisdom. And so of our cacklers. If their efforts in that line induce the people to guard well the public purse against the kind of gentry who believe "that human virtue consists only in a want of opportunity," good! We say go it, goose! even though your cackling results, as in the case of your illustrious predecessor, from having your toes trod upon.

☞ An intelligent horse stopped suddenly in the road in New Palatka, a few nights ago, while being driven rapidly, and his driver found, on investigation, a young girl, only fourteen years of age, lying in the road in a state of helpless intoxication.

☞ England has imported nearly two million pounds' worth of potatoes from France during the past three months. Rumsters are ahead in the potato business.

THE DIRTY DEVIL.

Just now we are deluged with cholera specifics, fresh telegraphic reports, suppositions as to the spread of, or something done for the interior. The ill-smelling back-yards are having a rest, after a much-needed dosing of disinfectants. And by-the-way, no one should neglect the free use of lime or any other disinfecting agent in all damp places about a house, after the hard rains, which are falling, have passed away. When the drenching tide that Nature is sending to our relief has washed the earth, let us hold the ground gained against all future stinks by our personal energy and vigilance.

We started this article to urge, not some new-fangled view of cholera, but the exercise of an old preventive—bodily cleanliness. We have no doubt but, as natural advantages in that direction, but still the morning bath cannot be safely neglected in a season like this. The man who bathes every day—always in the morning—from now until the frosts of October, will live to fight another cholera panic, even if our city authorities neglect their weighty responsibilities. Keep a clean skin, if not for your own sake, then for that of your fellow men who dwell with you on the breezy hill-tops of Atlanta.

Convention of County School Commissioners.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION,
ATLANTA, GA., June 10, 1873.

After consultation with his Excellency the Governor, I hereby call a convention of the County School Commissioners of this State, to be held in this city on the 25th and 26th days of this month.

The objects of the convention are to awaken interest in the public schools, to promote uniformity in the practical workings of the system, to secure a better understanding of its details and to gain fuller information as to the status of school affairs throughout the entire State.

Through the kindness of the citizens of Atlanta, arrangements have already been made for entertaining one hundred of the members, free of charge, and I feel safe in saying, from efforts which I am now making, that I shall succeed in providing for the remaining forty in the same way.

The following railroad companies have shown their public spirit by granting a free return to all members who pay full fare in coming, viz: The Western and Atlantic, the Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line, the Central and its connections, including the Macon and Western and the South Western and its branches, the Georgia, the Rome, the Cherokee, the Atlantic and Gulf, the Macon and Brunswick and the Atlanta and West Point.

In order to relieve the members as nearly as possible from all expense, I hereby instruct the several County Boards of Education to consider the three or four days spent in the convention and in coming and returning as days devoted to official duty, allowing the commissioners the usual per diem, inasmuch as I feel assured that this time wisely spent will result in more solid good than the same number of days occupied with any of the regular labors.

The chief executive officers of systems in cities and counties, established under special laws, are also invited to attend.

Members, on coming into the city, will be met at the trains and shown to their homes by myself and assistants. That they may be identified, I request them to wear, each, a red ribbon tied in the lapel of his coat. Myself and assistants will wear blue ribbons tied in the same manner.

Let all come that we may consult the great interests which we represent.

All the papers of the State are requested to copy this, as they will thereby render important public service.

GUSTAVUS J. ORR,
State School Commissioner.

The Finest Church in America.

St. Patrick's Cathedral, on Fifth avenue and Fifty-first and Fifty-second streets, and extending back to Madison avenue, will be the finest church structure not alone in New York, but in the western world. Begun in 1858, by Archbishop Hughes, all work on it was suspended from the outbreak of the war to the beginning of 1864, when it was resumed, and the grand building, occupying an entire city block, is now about finished. Enormous granite blocks constitute its foundation. On these rises the graceful yet grand superstructure of the cathedral, which is constructed all of fine marble. With its rich decorations, its rose windows, its lines of foliated tracery, its clustering Gothic pinnacles, its wealth of ornament, and most of all, its lofty twin spires piercing the sky at a height above everything else in New York, it closely resembles the world-famous cathedral at Cologne. It will be the largest, the costliest and the most beautiful church in the United States, its total cost exceeding $2,000,000. Everything in its construction is paid for before it is used. The towers at the corners will be 328 feet high. At this enormous height—more than one hundred feet higher than Pearl street church in this city—the figure of a man would look small. As the church stands on the highest land in that part of New York, the workmen (they must carry steady heads) who finish off the spires will have a grand view of the city, the Sound, the Palisades, the country about, and the unrivaled bay to the south. The church itself built in pure white marble, the most beautiful of all material for such a structure, will present a most graceful and harmonious mapping of outlines, and a world of columns, capitals and ornamental tracery.

Across the front gable, over the entrance, there will extend a row of niches with statues of saints and martyrs seven and a half feet high. Above this will be a large or circular window twenty feet in diameter—"a splendid blossom of Gothic tracery, with one hundred shafts of marble radiating from the centers and holding triangular pieces of painted glass." Towards the construction of this grandest and most beautiful of American church edifices all the Catholic churches in New York contribute. It will probably be finished four years hence, or in seventeen years of actual working time, allowing for the suspension during the war. Similar churches in Europe were hundreds of years in building.—*Hartford Times.*

The Murdered Walworth.

A lady who was well acquainted with Mansfield T. Walworth, the murdered author, says: I knew Mr. Walworth only as a visitor in families which I visited. He was a very courteous gentleman, but reserved. At times he would break out like a boy and seemed ready to confide in me, but he never accepted my frequent invitations to call. One day I met him in the office of the Home Journal. I was writing a little society report for Mr. Phillips, and Mr. Walworth came and sat by the desk where I was writing. He was a very impulsive talker. We talked about his books, and I do not know how it came about, but he was speaking, I believe, about some young girl he admired very much. I asked him if he was addressing her. He looked excessively pained.

"Don't you know I cannot address any lady?" said he, "that I cannot marry?" "No," I replied. "I knew you were separated from your wife. I supposed you were divorced, and I had heard you say you were a Dollinger and Pere Hyacinthe Catholic, and I therefore supposed you had no scruples about a second marriage. Pardon me if I have made a mistake." He looked at me very earnestly, his face flushed, and speaking in a rapid voice, full of emotion, he said:

"You have made no mistake. I am glad you have spoken. I wish to tell you the truth. I consented to the divorce from my wife by the advice of our families, but I believe I did wrong. I still do love my wife, and I hope yet to be reconciled to her. She left me because I was a free-thought author. She wanted me to practice law, and I knew my only road to success was in authorship. What family objections her relations urged were in writing, and it brought us to poverty. Now I am just beginning to make money with my books, perhaps she may be induced to live with me."

"If she will not," said I, "what will you do? Will you live single, or try to get a divorce in another State and marry?" for I began to feel interested in his history. His reply was in these words: "I hope it will not be necessary, but, for it all, the cause of my family will be made public, and I will clandestinely married to my wife six months before the facts were known. I do not wish to make that public for the sake of my children."

☞ Ex-Comptroller R. Pomfret, of the Tenth Illinois District, is said to be building a new home with his $70,000 (in) policy grab. The newspapers in his district are thanking him for his generosity. How pale

WOODHULL WORN OUT.

The Alarming Illness of Mrs. Woodhull—Her Critical Condition—Her Remarks Regarding Herself and Sister.

The alarming announcement, says the New York Herald, that the female celebrity, Mrs. Victoria Woodhull, was at the border of that place "from whence no traveler returns," scattered broadcast by certain deluded individuals, was premature. The heroine of a hundred moral *to lunatic asylums* is not yet, at least, for a little while, to lay aside her dented armor, and it is probable she may again return to the day of which she was the leading spirit before the clouds of rout and misfortune darkened over her house. Linked with the rumor of her deplorable condition of physical extremity was the dubious suspicion, communicated by the *bona sedens* of human nature to the confiding mortals, who do not give place to such unworthy estimates of their race, that this sad story was but a cunning and clever device of two persecuted and neglected women to win the public sympathy, which had rejected from them in the darkening hours of their affliction. Your cynically profound but appreciative man of the world exclaimed with emphasis: "Ah! they are smart, by jove! What may we expect next?" And while the simple-minded Newcome might smile at the base insinuation implied, it gained swift credence among the cold-hearted censors of the social rottenness of the age.

As reported by her attending physician and by her devoted sister, Miss Tennie C. Claflin, Mrs. Woodhull's health yesterday afternoon and last evening was in a more hopeful condition, and the visitors at the family mansion were assured that absolute quiet and the gentlest care would, it was thought, once more restore her to herself. During Friday night she had had hemorrhage from the lungs or heart, it was not certain which, and had also vomited blood from the stomach. During yesterday her pulse was more quiet, and she lay in a dark room and was shielded vigilantly from the least annoyance which might irritate her nerves or distract her mind. Numerous friends called during the day, but none were allowed to see her. An unmanly and inquisitive stranger, however, whose conduct does not seem worthy of the character which he professed for himself, succeeded in forcing himself almost into the room of the invalid, on the representation that he wished to satisfy himself by his own sight and touch that she was really ill. Such demeanor, even in the case of the sickness of so notorious a personage as Mrs. Woodhull, must excite keen disgust in the minds of a public which has every commiseration for the unfortunate, however much it condemns the victim. It appears that at the time there were no gentlemen in the house.

Bury Me by the River.

From the Titusville (Pa.) Press.]

We received this morning through the post-office, from our bucolic friend and poetess, "Agatha," a few touching verses which sound strangely familiar, but which she says she "dashed off last night while her spirit was under a cloud." The poem is entitled "Bury Me by the River," and goes on as follows:

Bury me by the river,
Where the waters murmur low.

Now, we pause right here to ask the author if she is *dead*—really dead—or does she want to be buried alive? There is no river nearer than the Allegheny, and its water is murmuring high! Just now; but, if, instead of it, Oil Creek will do for a river, we will attend to the job. She then goes on to say:

Bury me where the billows
In their graceful beauty grow;
Bury me where the sunset
Lingers with its brightest gleam,
Near the margin of the river
Lay me by the running stream.

We will do it if it is possible to procure a horse and hearse. A funeral cortege with oxen hitched to the mourners' carriage would be dreadful, you know.

She then further remarks:

Let no marble shaft or stone,
Mark the spot where I must lie;
Lay me 'neath the moss and fern,
With the river sweeping by.

All right; we could not afford a "marble stone," even if she wanted it, and expect it would be difficult to find a piece of ground where graceful willows grow, the sunset lingers near the margin of the river, by a running stream (no still water will do,) and beneath the moss and fern; but we will try. She wants a cemetery lot all to herself, too.

Not where many sleep in numbers
Would I have my resting place;
Alone in life I wander,
And in death would leave no trace.

We hardly understand what is meant by "leaving no trace," unless she is a harness-maker's daughter, and has to stitch tugs for a lively hood, and her work so poor that she wants it buried with her. But it makes no difference, we will collect every trace, breathing and hamestrap on the premises and bury them as she requests. She wants more attention yet, for she adds:

Lay me where the moon's soft rays
On my grave will sometimes fall,
And the withered autumn leaves
Over my breast will make a pall.

First she wanted to be buried "where the sunset lingers," now she thinks "where the moon's rays fall" would suit her better. But if the willows grow there, ferns and mosses will not (any botanists knows that,) and willow leaves aren't worth a cent for making a pall, but that's her lookout. She winds up thus:

Lay me where the summer breezes
And the starlight's silver beam
Will make the robins warble gently
When they sing my requiem.

This is too much; we cannot go to all this expense unless she remits a money order to pay expenses incurred in finding the kind of spot she desired.

"Agatha," cheer up! Eat a square meal of corn beef and coffee, and split wood or do a large washing, and instead of wanting the robins to "warble a requiem over your grave," you will prefer to have them made into a potpie for dinner. The hard times have made you melancholy.

The Blue Danube.

Edmund Yates in New York Herald.]

The banks of the Danube for many miles after leaving Vienna are flat and uninteresting. Here and there is a rough wall of loose stones which has been thrown up to resist the encroachment of the water; but the general character of the landscape betokens the impossibility of cultivation, and the fields seem scarcely yet to have recovered from the devastation of the wintry floods. Stunted, shock-headed, palsied willows, with an occasional poplar, are the only trees; the grass is long and rank, and flags and bulrushes thickly fringe the stream. No attempt at division of the land seems to have been made; all is common property, though here and there, where the herbage is of better quality, and more fitted for grazing purposes, one comes upon a vast herd of dun-colored, long-horned cattle, or a drove of small, wiry, shaggy horses, some browsing, some galloping wildly about in terror at the unwonted steamer. At intervals of every two or three miles we glide past a long row of barges, some of which have been formed into water-mills, while the others are converted into residences for those who look after the grinding of the meal. According to the tradition of the song, millers are a joyous, lively race, but it would be difficult to imagine a more solitary, cheerless life than the lot of these men. "one side water all around" them, and such land as they can see, barren, desolate and forbidding. Of active life on the river there is scarcely any sign. The stream is split into so many branches and winds its way through so many devious channels, between islands teeming with rank vegetation and high sand banks, that anything like a distant prospect is impossible.

Occasionally we come upon a steamer tugging a fleet of heavily laden barges against the stream, and then there is an interchange of courtesy between the two crews which is perfectly Eastern in its profuseness. Each captain on the bridge doffs his gold laced cap and bows to the other; each mate half does down, and the sailor lads do the same. Even we are so intent upon [illegible] they let go their hats and bow, and, [illegible] heathen of the Danube.

☞ We have reliable authority that it has now been ascertained beyond question of a doubt, that the firefighter at Pemberton's Mill was murdered, and that the murderer is still at large. Much will depend upon the conviction of the assassin, as to the character or amount of the assets of the bank than what we stated heretofore. The gentleman, and his assistant, in charge of the bank, are under orders from Judge Pleasant, know nothing, and won't be interviewed. The creditors of the concern have a meeting at General Beale's office in Washington city on the 16th; we suppose the assets, if any, will then be made public.—*Macon Plain.*

General McKenzie.

General Ronald S. McKenzie, who has been brought into great prominence within a brief time, by his raid into Mexican territory and punishment of the Kickapoo Indians, is a son of Commodore McKenzie, who, in 1842, hung to the yard-arm of his ship for mutiny, midshipman Spencer, a son of the then Secretary of War under President John Q. Spencer. The hand of Commodore Mc. Kenzie was originally Alexander Slidell, he having changed it at the request of a relative, in order to inherit some property. He was a native of New York, and brother of John Slidell, of Louisiana, and Mrs. Belmont, of New York. Commodore on the high seas by Commodore Wilkes, while proceeding to France as Minister of the Southern Confederacy. General McKenzie graduated from West Point at the head of his class in 1840, and took up arms in the Union cause as Second Lieutenant of Engineers. Step by step he won his way to higher positions, until at the close of the struggle he was made full Brigadier General, with the brevet rank of Major General. He never took much interest in the regular army as Colonel of one of the Fourth Cavalry. He has been stationed in Texas for several years, and during that time has done good service against the red skins.

☞ The Traveller's Record thinks Poe's bird must have had an attack of the delirium tremens, because it was a "raven" on a bust.

THE HERO OF THE LAVA BEDS.

General Jeff. C. Davis and the Carolina Women.

From the Chicago Republican.]

Having succeeded in capturing the Modocs and thereby putting an end to the war, Gen. Davis will be the hero of the hour. His fame will resound from the lava beds of California to the cod fisheries of New England.

General Davis has a fame in this section of the country. It is not one that a warrior would envy; but such as it is he must have the benefit of it in this hour of his glory. He was an officer in Sherman's army that swept through this State in 1865. Whether he commanded a corps or a division, we do not recollect, nor is it material to know.

As the army of the North approached the home of Chancy Douglass in Fairfield county, a courier came to this house and demanded a room for the headquarters of General Jeff. C. Davis. He brought with him a carpet, which he put down in the room, and other comforts and conveniences for his commander. Soon afterwards General Davis arrived and took possession of the quarters that had been prepared for him. Mrs. E——, the daughter of Mr. Douglass, and the wife of Rev. T. W. E——, who was residing in the house and taking care of her aged father, appealed to him to protect the property on the place. He assured her that he would do so and told her to pack up the articles that she deemed most valuable and deposit them in the room that he occupied, and that he would be personally responsible for their safety. She did so, packed up in trunks everything that she deemed of special value and placed it in his room. When he left the house she went into the room to recover her valuables, and found that the trunks had been broken open and everything that was worth carrying off had been taken away.

This is the hero of the Modoc war. These facts can be established by witnesses whose credibility no man would dare gainsay.

Self-Supporting Fire Ladder.

About four years ago Paolo Porta invented at Milan, Italy, a self-supporting ladder of great simplicity, strength and utility. It has been adopted by many Italian cities. After two or three preliminary private trials it was publicly tested in front of the new courthouse yesterday. The ladders are made in sections about twelve feet long, and the lowest section is attached to an apparatus on the truck by which it can be elevated to any required angle. The remaining sections are attached one after another to this, and a windlass then hoists the lower section, and with it the rest. By arrangement of iron rods at either side of the ladders, a balustrade is raised along the ladders which gives to the combination its great strength. The specimens exhibited yesterday were 70, and 125 feet long. The latter was put together in about 1¼ minutes, and rapidly drawn up to the required angle, where it is sustained, without strain, 6 or 8 men distributed along its length. One man near the top of this was let down with the ladder, the structure standing readily the strain of the leverage. Several minutes were occupied in throwing the long ladder together and drawing it up. When the firemen mounted to its summit the spectacle was a fearful one, but the ladder withstood the strain. A canvas bag or basket was hoisted by means of rope and tackle nearly to the summit, and the truck was wheeled around and the man landed on the city hall. A hose was also carried nearly to the top of the ladder, and a stream of water thrown upon the roof of the new court-house.

Experts state that the appartus is capable of great improvement, but that the idea is a valuable one. The longest combination ladders used by the hook and ladder companies of the city are about 80 feet, and much more clumsily put together, and have to depend on walls (which are often insecure) for their support, from which necessity serious accidents often occur, as was the case at the great Boston fire. The ladder is also said to be useful in the place of scaffolding in many cases, especially where crumbling walls, chimneys, etc., have to be demolished. *New York Tribune, June 6.*

The Walworth Family—Their Residence in Kentucky.

A gentleman has given us some facts relative to the personal acquaintance with the Walworth family, whose name has become the text for sermonizing of late. Mrs. Walworth was the daughter of General Hardin, of Illinois, whose widow was the wife of Chancellor Walworth, the father of the murdered man. Six or seven years ago, Mrs. Walworth, living unhappily with her husband, removed to Louisville, her friends having purchased the old Zane estate, on the Work-house road, about two miles from the city—a beautiful estate worth $30,000. Here she lived with her family, then consisting of two young daughters and Frank, a noble, affectionate, manly boy of about fourteen years. About three years after her removal here, Mansfield Tracy Walworth, her husband came to Louisville, and a reconciliation was effected. Here they lived together on the most affectionate terms for nearly three years, and here another daughter was born, which died in infancy. Walworth became restive after a period, and finally persuaded his wife to sell her home and go back to New York with him. The estate was sold and the proceeds placed at his disposal. After the family removed to New York, Walworth became unpleasant in his manner, and finally treated his wife in such a brutal manner that her friends came to her aid and procured a legal separation. Those who knew the family here, speak of Frank in the highest terms of praise, and after all "there are two sides to every question," and we can afford to wait before pronouncing upon the guilt of the unhappy young man who has come so unpleasantly prominent before the country in the last few days.

Mr. L. S. Hardin, a prominent lawyer of this city, is a brother of Mrs. Walworth, and married a daughter of Mr. John I. Jacob. He lives on the estate once owned by his sister. We learn that Mr. Hardin some weeks ago received a letter from Mansfield Tracy Walworth, in which was avowed the determination to kill Mrs. Walworth and her son Frank. Mr. Hardin has gone to New York, taking this letter with him. It will be produced on the trial, and will doubtless have a marked effect.—*Louisville Commercial.*

A Very Sad Story.

A sad story comes across the water about one of the most promising of American singers. The soprano of Dr. Chapin's church in New York developed such a surprising voice and showed such unwearied pains in culture, that the congregation sent her to Italy to study. Her character was a very interesting one in its proud self-reliance through her early career. She supported herself and aided her family while studying for the position in the church quartette, and then was engaged to a very handsome and popular gentleman. Feeling herself plain and obscure beside her brilliant fiance, she determined to win renown at least in her art, and worked so bravely that friends, in token of her service to the services to the church, gave her the singer's coveted brevet to study abroad. She redoubled her efforts when she found herself at leisure to do her best, and letters said that she seemed turning all voice in her enthusiasm. Then paralysis, that dreaded modern blight on all effort that links brain and physical strength, seized the bright, ambitious little creature, and the foreign doctors fear she never will sing again. I do not know of a sadder, crueler blow on a young warm heart. In their deathless efforts for culture girls in cities use themselves up, body and nerve, till they wither so by fire.

SPECIALS.

KING CHOL. AT NASHVILLE.

Changed from the Southern to the Western End of the City.

The Disease on a Stand—Weather Favorable for a Decrease.

A Large Number of Hearses Running.

NASHVILLE, June 11, 1873.

The cholera has changed round to-day from the southern end of the city to the western part.

It is impossible to say how many deaths took place to-day, or even to make an estimate. There are a great many hearses running.

It is thought that the disease will decrease to-morrow, as the weather is more favorable.

The disease appears to be on a stand this afternoon.

BY TELEGRAPH

TO THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

Imposing Ceremonies Over the Remains of the Late Minister Orr.

Flags on Public Buildings at Half Mast.

The Allen-McCoole Prize Fight—Another Deposit of $400 a Side Made.

WASHINGTON.

APPOINTMENT.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—The President has appointed Joseph G. Moore, of Mississippi, consul at Trinidad de Cuba.

CLAIMS COMMISSION.

The Southern Claims Commission has suspended oral examinations until the second week in October, and will then resume them and continue until the middle of November.

REDEMPTION OF THREE PER CENT. CERTIFICATES.

The Treasurer has redeemed all the outstanding three per cent. certificates, excepting the amount of thirty thousand. When the first call was made in November, 1870, there were outstanding forty-five millions.

THE POLARIS INVESTIGATION.

Secretary Robeson was at the Navy Yard to-day, engaged in the Polaris investigation. He expected to conclude it this evening, and will prepare his report immediately.

PROMOTIONS.

For the New England and Middle States and Lower Lake regions on Thursday northwesterly to northeasterly winds, and clear or partly cloudy weather. From the Ohio Valley to the Upper Lakes easterly to southerly winds and clear or partly cloudy weather. For the Northwest a falling barometer, fresh to brisk southeasterly to southwesterly winds and increasing cloudiness, with possibly threatening weather. For the South Atlantic States light and fresh southerly to westerly winds, partly cloudy weather and rain areas. For Kentucky, Tennessee and the Gulf States, east of the Mississippi River, light to fresh variable winds and partly cloudy weather, with probably occasional areas of light rain south of Tennessee.

NEW YORK.

IMPOSING CEREMONIES.

NEW YORK, June 11.—Imposing honors were paid this morning to the remains of the late Minister Orr. His remains arrived in the city at 11 o'clock, and were escorted by the London police, together with a deputation appointed to receive them. Flags on all public buildings are at half mast. During the procession the streets were crowded, and as the hearse passed up Broadway nearly every head was uncovered. The remains are placed in a magnificent rosewood casket, silver mounted, with wreaths placed on top composed of laurel leaves and white roses, but the roses are faded. The following is the inscription on the casket: "James Lawrence Orr, born in Craytonsville, South Carolina, May 12th, 1822, died in St. Petersburg, April 23d, (May 5th,) 1873—aged 51 years."

WALWORTH

was arraigned in Oyer and Terminer to-day. He plead not guilty. He will be tried in about two weeks.

HOMICIDE.

Nathan Breitman shot Jas. McAdams dead last night near the yard of the Pennsylvania Railroad. Breitman had been discharged by McAdams.

PRESIDENT GRANT

will attend the funeral of Minister Orr on Friday.

ACCIDENTAL SUICIDE.

Jas. Newcome, a well known sporting man in Middletown, died this morning from an overdose of chloroform.

RELIGIOUS.

Requiem mass was celebrated to-day at St. Stephen's by Ignacio Agramonte. The church was crowded with Cubans.

RUN OFF.

GARRISON, June 11.—A Chicago express train, which left New York at 10 o'clock this morning, met with an accident at this station. A journal of a passenger coach broke and the car jumped from the rails and bounded along the ties, but did not upset. A little girl, whose names was not ascertained, had an ankle dislocated. Both tracks are obstructed and all the trains are delayed. The roads will soon be clear. Passengers by the Chicago Express train have gone forward.

ARRIVAL OF GENERAL SHERMAN.

General Sherman reached West Point at noon and received a salute this afternoon. After which he joined President Grant in the examination room.

SECOND DAY'S RACES.

JEROME PARK, June 11.—The track is in splendid condition and attendance fair.

First race—for ladies—Three year old fillies; one mile and five furlongs, eight horses starting as follows: Annie Hall, Electus, Modora, Alice Mitchell, Kate Penn, Sallie Watson, sister to Stromboe; and Lizzie Lewis. The race was won by Kate Penn. Sallie Watson second. Time—2.58¾.

Second race—Jockey Club handicap sweepstakes; two miles. Six horses started and was won by Preakness, beating Hubbard, Idol, Spendthrift, Kaiser, Brannock's b. c., four years old, and Stockwood. Time—3.39¾.

Third race—purse of $300; all ages, one mile and one furlong. Eleven started, and was won by Bonnie. Time—2 minutes.

The fourth race was won by Pallidore, beating Gray Planet. Time—1.47½.

SUBSEQUENT RACES.

JEROME AMUSEMENT ASSOCIATION.

PROPOSED PRIZE FIGHT.

ST. LOUIS, June 11.—A second deposit of four hundred dollars a side in the contemplated prize fight between Tom Allen and Mike McCoole was made last night. McCoole has gone into light training near this city, and Dublin Trick will take charge of him in a few days. Allen will probably train in or near Cincinnati.

PENNSYLVANIA.

NO REDUCTION.

PHILADELPHIA, June 11.—At a meeting of the American Crucible Cast Steel Manufacturers to-day it was resolved to maintain the present prices of steel.

MASSACHUSETTS.

BOWLES BROTHERS & CO.

BOSTON, June 11.—A general meeting of the creditors of Bowles Brothers & Co. was held to-day at the United States Court House for the purpose of allowing creditors to prove their claims. There were but few present, but a large number of claims were presented by attorneys of the different creditors. A matter of great importance to creditors comes up for hearing to-morrow before Judge Lowel, of the District Court, upon the question of acceptance or resignation of their offer for a compromise, which is to make the gross assets of Bowles Brothers & Co. to $155,000.

NEW JERSEY.

COLLISION.

NEWARK, June 11.—A passenger train from New York and a freight train from Market street, Newark, came in collision at East Newark at 2 o'clock this evening. Both engines were demolished. The baggage telescoped in the smoking car. One engineer was fatally wounded, and a large number of the passengers were cut and bruised. The passengers in the smoking car crowded through the windows. The air brakes prevented a more serious disaster. Had the accident occurred a minute soon there would have been a terrible loss of life. The engineer of the freight train is blamed.

SPAIN.

REORGANIZED.

MADRID, June 11.—The column of troops which mutinied against the authority of General Nelsido, at Ignalada, have been reorganized and are now commanded by General Cabinet.

ENGLAND.

ABOUT TO LEAVE.

LONDON, June 11.—A special dispatch to the Daily News from Rome says: Many of the Monks, belonging to the Monasteries which are to be suppressed, will go to Bolivia and Chili.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

NEW YORK.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

NEW YORK, June 11.—Specie shipments to Europe to-day $600,000.

Four Desconeses were admitted to St. Mary's Protestant Episcopal Church at Brooklyn to-day.

The seventh annual convention of the Universal Peace Union is being held here. Among the resolutions is one thanking President Grant for the Indian peace policy.

MINISTER ORR'S REMAINS.

The Seventh Regiment has been ordered to escort the remains of Minister Orr on Friday. The casket containing his body was viewed by two thousand persons at the City Hall to-day. Several members of the City Council will remain on watch throughout the night with the Knights Templar guard.

SPANISH MATTERS.

The Herald's special from Madrid, dated to-day, says: "Dissensions have broken out in the Carlist camp. Dorregaray's removal from command was not on account of his wound, but in consequence of an intrigue with Marquis Valde Espinas."

ANOTHER PUGILISTIC PARRICIDE.

Dr. Lewis H. Myers, a dentist of Middletown, New York, while drunk this evening, stabbed, it is supposed fatally, his father near the heart.

MISSOURI.

A MAN SHOOTS HIS FATHER AND THEN HIMSELF.

ST. LOUIS, June 11.—Fred Beck is living in Decatur, Illinois. He went home last evening after three days' debauch and was invited to take a seat at the supper table by his mother, whereupon he commenced abusing her with vile language. His father remonstrated, and told him he must cease or leave the house, at which he drew a revolver and shot his father in the face, inflicting an ugly but not dangerous wound. He then fired a ball into his own brain. At last accounts he was in a dying condition.

GEORGIA.

ARRIVALS.

SAVANNAH, June 11.—Arrived—schooner Delhi, from New York; Daniel and Streaker, from Philadelphia; Gertie E. Morrow, Kenebec, Mary A. Rich, from New York. Cleared—barks Ida and St. John, for New Brunswick. Schooners Henrietta, for Providence; Florence Rogers, for New York. Sailed—schooners Wyoming, for Portland; Fanny Butler, for New York.

ENGLAND.

RACES.

LONDON, June 11.—The attendance at Ascot races to-day was large and brilliant. The Royal Hunt Cup was won by Winslow. Reine was second, and Oxford Mixture third. Twenty-seven ran, and betting at the start was twenty-five to one against Winslow; sixteen to one against Reine, and twenty-five to one against Oxford Mixture. The Ascot Derby was won by Gangforward beating; Highland Laddie second, and Andoed third. Betting at the start was nine to one against the winner.

EXPECTED.

It is expected in the prosecution against Tichborne that the claimants will be able to rest their case next week.

ARRIVED.

Prince Amadeus and wife have arrived in England where they will remain during the summer.

CONTINUED.

Advices from Rio Janeiro to the 23d ult. have been received, which say the conflict between the clergy and secret societies continues to agitate Brazil. The ministry had taken the strongest grounds on the subject, and were gaining support. In the Lower House a Premier made a speech defending the Freemasons, and promised that energetic measures would be taken to prevent the Bishops and Jesuits from interfering with the society.

The amount of bullion gone into the Bank of England on balance to-day is £131,000.

The Back Salary Steal.

There is a prospect of a warm personal discussion in the next Congress on the subject of the back-pay steal voted at the last session. The members who took the money regard the action of those who refused or returned it as an imputation on their official honor and integrity, and they do not propose to pass it by unnoticed. Congressman Randall, of Pennsylvania, has prepared a speech, which he will deliver on the first opportunity, defending the extra pay business, and criticising the conduct of those who refused to accept the money. He will show that all those who were members of the Thirty-ninth Congress, in which the salaries of Congressmen were raised from three to five thousand dollars, and who went in the last Congress, took their back pay in 1869, although they refused it in 1873. Randall affirms that the back pay of the Thirty-ninth Congress was championed and engineered by Senator Sherman, who introduced it in a conference committee. The whole thing will be ventilated at the next session.

JOHNNY'S CONFESSION.—At night Johnny climbed up into his mother's lap, and laying his head on her shoulder, said, in a low, sorry tone:

"I took that gimp marble, mamma."

"Took it from whom?" asked his mother.

"I took it from the ground," said Johnny.

"Did it belong to the ground?" asked his mother, "did the ground go to the shop and buy it?"

Johnny tried to laugh at such a funny thought, but he cried.

"I saw it on the ground," said he.

"What little boy had it before?"

"Ann Mayo's, I guess," whispered Johnny.

"Where you put your hand to take it, you forgot. Then God must see!" asked his mother. "Did you not hear a voice, saying, 'Don't, Johnny! don't, Johnny?'"

"I didn't hear it," said the little boy, sobbing "I guess God spoke."

☞ A little miss (for a week ago some darkey was arrested for stealing her) in Danville, N. H., declared the fact that no policemen lately had gone visited that peaceful town, and drew no visions can take a walk without hearing a procession of them.

Financial and Commercial.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, June 11.—Cotton steady at 19¼; Orleans 20½; sales 2,820 bales.

Cotton—Net receipts to-day 347 bales; gross 2,007.

Cotton—Sales for export to-day, 640 bales—last evening 750.

Cotton—Sales for future delivery to-day, 10,300 bales, and the market closed as follows: July, 19 13-16. August, 19 13-16. September, 19 13-16. October, 18¾. November 18. December, 17¾.

Southern flour less active and unchanged at $6 20a7 90; common to fair extra $7 35a11; good to choice do. Whisky a shade firmer at 93½94, chiefly at inside price. Wheat less active and scarcely so firm; exporters are less disposed to operate; $1 69 for winter red western. Corn opened a shade firmer and a very moderate export demand; holders are disposed to realize 54a54½ for new mixed western; 65 for new southern yellow. Pork steady at $16 5'a16 62½; new mess beef quiet at $9a11 25; plain mess $11 50a13; extra do. Lard weak at 9a9¾. Turpentine steady at 45¢45½. Rosin firm.

Money unchanged. Exchange advanced—9¾. Gold 17¼a17⅞. Governments dull and quiet. State bonds steady and nominal.

Arrived—Montgomery, San Jacinto, Zodiac, City of Havana, Hatteras and Champion.

Arrived out—Italy.

LATER.—81s 29½; 82s 17; 84s 17, 85s 19½; new 20½; 67s 21½; 68s 20¾; new 5s 15. 10-40s 14¾. Tennessee 6s 79; new 78¾. Virginias 43; new 50. Consols

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION
ATLANTA!
THURSDAY, JUNE 12, 1873.

ROSWELL CREEK PAPER MILLS,
WM. McNAUGHT & CO.

The Daily and Weekly Constitution for specimen
mar11-1y

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Carley, Buck & Co.

Also, Bench Grant Southern Oil and Paint Co., 5 Pratt street. Fire Lands, Land Plaster, Linseed Oils, Colors, Varnishes, Window Glass, Putty, &c., at Wholesale. Artists' materials, Crayons, Canvas, Stretchers, Water and Oil Colors, &c., a specialty.
apr15-codly.

FINAL NOTICE TO LADIES.—Our splendid assortment of Ladies' underwear, comprising fine goods, Chemises, tucked and embroidered. Night Dresses, very rich and varied. Toilet and brush-cases, exceedingly fine. Best selected patterns of Ladies' and Gents' Scarfs, Ties, &c., &c. All for moderate prices, at Mrs. Brooke & Co.'s, 67 Marietta street, opposite the Capitol. may9-2codly

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Miss A. Lamar, at Marsh, wishes to sell her stock of millinery.

Notice to advertisement of Alderman Young for sealed proposals for paving the sidewalks.

Notice to advertisement of Judge Giles for proposals for the establishment of Judge Giles for proposals for Walker's new jail in Houston county.

The Valley House, in Nacoochee Valley, White county, will be open on the 15th inst.

Notice to advertisement of Van A. Brewster.

Notice to advertisement of Van A. Brewster.

Assignee's notice—I. M. Kenney, assignee.

Notice to advertisement of Bell & Willis' Gate City street car, box factory and planing mill.

The firm of Pelham & Joyner, coal dealers, is dissolved.

Notice to the people of Atlanta by Colonel John Thomas, Chief Marshal.

An advertisement of Bell & Willis' Gate City street car, box factory and planing mill.

THOS. B. F. MOORE organized a Masonic lodge at West Point on Wednesday.

One of our lumber merchants sold twelve cords of lumber yesterday.

THE L. K. and B. C. club dine at the Kimball House at one o'clock sharp to-day.

THE election for officers of the Atlanta Rowing Club takes place to-night at old Concordia Hall.

WE invite attention to the commencement notice of the Southern Female College, at La-Grange.

WE invite attention to the advertisement of Bell & Willis' street car, box factory and planing mill. It is a valuable addition to the manufacturing interests of Atlanta.

PROF. J. G. THROWEN, Superintendent of the West Templars in Georgia, organized a lodge of Good Templars in Lithonia on last Sunday, 40 charter members.

MAJOR GEORGE B. CHAMBERLIN, Deputy United States Marshal, was married at Crawfordville, Geo., on the 4th, to Miss Eudora J. Sloan, of that place. We wish him happiness and prosperity.

HANDSOME DIVIDEND.—At the meeting of the Directors of the Georgia Railroad, in Augusta, on Monday, the usual semi-annual dividend of four per cent. was declared, payable on and after July 15th.

THE "BUSY BEES" of the First M. E. Church, South, will picnic at the Orphans' Home grove to-morrow, if the weather is favorable. The congregation and Sunday school of the church and all friends of the Home are invited.

SEALED proposals will be received by Judge Giles, Ordinary of Houston county, until noon this, for building a new jail for that county. Contractors will note the advertisement of Judge Giles in another column.

A FEW days since we passed by Stephens & Brown's store, and observed several casks of lager on the door. Yesterday we observed in the same spot, the casks neatly tied up in bundles, and wearing the U. S. coat.

DELIGHTFUL SUMMER RETREAT.—The Valley House, in Nachoochee Valley, White county, will be ready for the reception of visitors on the 15th instant. The climate is delightful and the scenery picturesque. For a cool and healthy summer retreat the Valley House will be found the place.

DAILY EXCHANGE.—The meeting of the Chamber of Commerce yesterday on 'change was well attended. We are gratified to note the increased attendance and increasing interest manifested in these meetings. The hall is to be provided with necessary tables, and fitted up in first class style.

SOUTHERN MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY. This sterling insurance company has declared a dividend of forty per cent. per annum. The losses paid last year were $79,977 17; receipts $241,101 22; assets, $800,000 in round numbers. The old officers have been re-elected.

FREYER'S ORCHESTRA.—The concert at Wesleyan Hall Tuesday evening by Prof. Freyer's orchestra was a brilliant affair. The concert began with "Rondella," by Flotow, then the "Blue Danube Waltz," overtures from Norma and airs of Spring Vale, Lulsday. There was a large audience present to hear the concert. Dancing was kept up until late o'clock.

BOARD OF HEALTH.—The Board of Health will meet in the Recorder's court room to-morrow, Friday 13th instant, at 4½ o'clock P. M.

Members will please come prepared to report upon the progress of sanitary measures in their respective divisions.

The Marshal is also expected to be present.

CHARLES PINCKNEY,
Chairman Board of Health.

THE PRESBYTERIAN PICNIC.—The children of the Mission School are again reminded that they must be at the school house punctually at five o'clock this afternoon to receive their tickets for the picnic to-morrow.

The ladies who contemplate contributing provisions for the free table are requested to send their baskets (marked) to the car shed sometime before the train leaves, which will be at ten minutes past eight. A committee will be there to receive them.

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION.—We learn that a competitive examination of the applicants for appointment to the West Point Military Academy from this Congressional District will be held in Macon on the first to the fifth of July. The committee is composed of Professor S. P. Sanford, Professor W. H. Williams and Dr. W. F. Holt. We are informed that there is quite a number of applicants. The examination will be conducted in writing. A lively time is anticipated.

OFF FOR EUROPE.—Dr. Joseph A. Eve, was upon his wife and daughter, left here yesterday afternoon for Europe, carrying with them the good wishes and prayers of this community for a pleasant sojourn abroad and a safe return home. One of our most successful and well beloved physicians, whose name and good deeds are household words in Augusta, where he has labored well nigh to half a century, his presence will be missed and his return gladly welcomed.—*Augusta Chronicle*.

SOCIETY NEWS.—Yesterday morning at 11 o'clock, Dr. C. L. Redwine, of Atlanta, and Mrs. Elizabeth Buford, of this city, were married. The ceremony occurred in the Episcopal Church, Rev. W. C. Butler officiating. The attendance was small, no cards having been issued. The married pair left on the Western train for their home in Atlanta. To night the citizens of that place give them a complimentary reception at the Kimball House. The bride is a sister of Mrs. McIntosh and one of the brightest conversationists in Georgia; the groom one of the most gifted Atlanta mercantile men.—*Columbus Sun*.

ATLANTA, GA., May 30th, 1873.

Rev. H H Tucker, D. D.—DEAR SIR: Entertaining a high regard for your learning and ability, and feeling assured that you desire to use your talents for the good of your fellow men, we take the liberty of requesting that you will address the young men of Atlanta at such time and place as may suit your convenience. Respectfully,

Jno D Bond, Jesse M Goss, C A Simpson, J R Lee, W A Hemphill, W G Whitby, T P Westmoreland, J D Wing, J T Bobby, Geo A Beverly, Wm H Campbell, W C Chiles, J T Johnson, Henry Hillyer, J Van Winkle, Jas F Bowman, J. Milledge, H O Cheney, Albert Baird, Jesse E Brown, Jno R Bond, Jas L Conley, R L Connally, O L Jones, J C Boyd Ed S Kendrick.

ATLANTA, June 9, 1873.

To Dr. Jesse R. Baird and others:

GENTLEMEN—I have had the honor to receive your kind communication inviting me to deliver an address to the young men of Atlanta.

Highly appreciating this evidence of your esteem, I beg leave to say that it will afford me pleasure to comply with your request. Providence permitting, the address will be delivered in the First Baptist Church on Sunday night next, June 15th.

I am gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
H. H. TUCKER.

SOUTHERN COAL.—MESSRS. Pelham & Co. have the Tennessee and Southern coal for sale. They are prepared to furnish it for grate use and to manufacturers. Their office is at the Atlanta Ice House.

PAYING THE SENTENCE.—Gentlemen will note the advertisement of Alderman R. C. Young, Chairman of the Committee of Arrangements, for receipts for paving the sidewalks. Those who have neglected to attend to this matter will please do so.

A GOOD BUSINESS PLACE.—Mr. W. J. Lemon, of Newnan, wishes to sell out his stock of goods and fixtures at Newnan. This is an excellent chance for a business addition to the mercantile interests of that point, and Miss Lemon's stock is new. Read it and improve the opportunity to get a good stand.

ADDRESS OF MARSHAL THOMAS.—We trust every citizen of Atlanta will read the eloquent and pungent address of Chief Marshal Thomas. We hope the people will do more than read it. The Board of Health is all right and only wants the co-operation of the people in the matter of sanitary improvement.

REV. B. A. ROBERTSON.—This talented gentleman has just returned from Rome, where he was called upon to officiate at the funeral of Mr. M. Marks, an old and much esteemed citizen of the place. The whole community was present to honor o the deceased, whose many worths awakened the kindliest and tenderest feelings of their hearts. The discourse of Mr. Robertson is spoken of by all who heard it as being peculiarly appropriate and impressive. This young divine has established in Rome the reputation he has always borne here of being a good man and an efficient pastor.

MISS JEANIE PATTERSON.—The Baltimore Gazette pays the following compliment to an Atlanta favorite:

Miss Jennie Patterson's readings, at Lehman's Hall, on Saturday, were attended by a highly appreciative audience. The selections were not taken from writers of the first rank, and some of them, even the charm of the reader's presence, and the simple earnestness of her style failed to make effective. The "Jephthah's Daughter" was better under her instrumentation we thought that feeble poem could be made. It was easier to understand the description of the beauty of the Hebrew maiden, when it came from lips like hers.

The "Candle Lecture" was by far the best thing, chiefly because the text was the best. Miss Patterson has some beautiful gifts, and all the more valuable because they are rare. She has a memory, so true and trustworthy that she can dispense entirely with the book. Her features and attitudes are graceful and natural and graceful; her voice has a wonderful natural pathos, and her utterance is distinct, even when it is most subdued, and, last, but not least, her face is sweet-featured and refined. These are gifts which would make certain departments of our literature highly effective in her hands; and they are gifts which can only find worthy uses in the writings of our greatest masters.

THE RECEPTION AT THE KIMBALL HOUSE. In spite of the very unfavorable weather last night, a large number of our citizens assembled at the above hotel to do honor to Dr. Redwine and his accomplished bride, and to show the former that they appreciated the compliment he paid Atlanta by making such a choice addition to his matrimony. The doctor is not well known in this community, and so well liked by all who do know him, that it would take more than mere talk to keep a reception going to him and his lady from being a success.

The beauty and fashion of our city were well represented in and by the presence of some of our loveliest ladies, as beautiful by nature as they were by dress. Gentlemen were there also, and gotten up without regard to expense.

Mrs. Redwine had quite a task in the way of introductions and compliments. The first she bore with fortitude, and the latter as they couldn't be escaped, with resignation.

Dancing was indulged in, to the utmost, and the merry hours flew by rapidly.

The urbane Colonel Nicho's, the ever courteous proprietor of the Kimball House, had on hand a generous supply of delicacies such as suit the occasion. These were keenly enjoyed by all, especially the bridecake which was cut for the first time.

The bridegroom was radiant with happiness and pride, and has set an example which many of his friends "seeing his good works will go and do likewise." The festivities were kept up to a very late hour in the night, or rather, a very early one in the morning, and will long be remembered as one of the events of this season.

We most heartily unite with their many friends in wishing the Doctor and his lovely bride every possible happiness in their journey through life.

PERSONAL.—Rev. A. J. Battle, D. D., President of Mercer University; Hon O A Bacon, Speaker of the House of Representatives; Hon T J Simmons, Senator from the 24d District; Hon Clifford Anderson, Prof H Williams, Principal of the Blind Asylum, all hailing from Macon, were at the Kimball House last night.

Judge John I Hall, of the Flint Circuit; Col J D Stewart, and J D Alexander, of Griffin, were at the National last night.

Ben E Russell, Knight of the quill, from Bainbridge, was at the National last night.

Hon George H Jones, of Norcross, is at the National. He reports plenty of rain and grass in his section—wheat rotting, and cotton afected.

William H Finch, Superintendent of Agencies of the Brooklyn Life Insurance Company, is in the city.

The following were among the arrivals at the Kimball House last night: A W Smith and wife, Americus; R Graham, Charleston; S G W J Littlejohn, Memphis; J S Davis, Jr, Savannah; W D Kyle, N Y; Jordan Stone and lady, Raleigh, N C; W V Morris, Cincinnati; A Chisholm Stickney and lady, Charleston; Col M A Alston, Meadow Nook; Mr and Mrs Nash, Ala.

The following arrivals, among others, were registered at the National last night: W H Hendley, Hawkinsville; T J Moon, Columbia, S C; J G Long, N Y; O G Lynch, Augusta; G B Waters, South Western Railroad; J Allen, Thomaston; Frank V Evans, J Armstong, Albany; S F Dixon, Woodbury; T T Wilson, Graysville; R B Dean, Louisville, Ky; Col H D Capers, Covington.

John L. Cutting, an old citizen, died of small-pox at St. Louis, Missouri, on the 24th of May. He was a member of Barnes Lodge 55 Odd Fellows. Also of the F. & A. M. and Cahaba No. 5.

Colonel D. S. Printup and Colonel Wade S. Cothran, of Rome, are at the Kimball House.

General Gordon and wife left last night for Selma, Alabama.

THE CUSTOMHOUSE.—In recognition of the advantages possessed by Atlanta, and in response to an application made by the city authorities for a customhouse here, the Congress of the United States made an appropriation of $110,000 towards the construction of a building in the city arranged for the accommodation of the custombouse and the post-office, and rooms and offices for the United States Court, attorney, marshal and other officials. The city tendered the ground for a site, and all that is needed now to secure the full benefits of the appropriation, is the selection by the United States authorities. To hasten this selection and the commencement of the work, the City Council passed the following resolution offered by Mr. Brotherton on the 23d of May, which was referred to the committee on Custombouse, consisting of Aldermen Mcaslin and Dodd, and citizens Redwine, Maddox, Dunning, Flynn and Crussel:

"Resolved, That the City Council do elect or appoint a suitable person to go to Washington and report the Secretary of the Treasury to send an architect to Atlanta to locate the site whereupon to build the proposed custombouse."

Nearly three weeks have elapsed since the above action was had, and the Committee, composed of some of our best and most progressive citizens and merchants, appointed; yet, up to this time, no report has been made. If anything is going to be done, it should be done quickly, else the appropriation will be lost through neglect or inattention, and can afterwards only be obtained again by new legislation, which the circumstances of default will make it difficult to secure.

The committee should report without delay, designating some well known influential citizen for the appointment.

The people keep posted know that the business of our wholesale dealers, and the number of our wholesale houses, are largely on the increase; and, also, that the prospect is that the number will increase in the future much more rapidly than in the past—simply in consequence of the superior advantages Atlanta possesses as to the altitude, climate and railway and other facilities. This increase is clearly indicated by the fact that the business of a majority of the wholesale houses for the first three months this year, was fifty per cent. more than for the corresponding period last year, and the business of several increased more than that.

These wholesale houses deal largely in foreign goods—iron, cutlery, cottos, silk and wool, and other delicate fabrics susceptible to the effects of the atmosphere, as well as fine liquors, tobacco, cigars &c., and, for these reasons, the climate is being adapted to the safe-keeping of such of these and other imported goods than the humid atmospheres of the coast cities and inland cities of low altitude, much foreign merchandise shipped to them, in addition to that ordered by our own merchants, will probably be forwarded while the weather is favorable, and stored, to be withdrawn as wanted.

It cannot be long before direct trade will be opened by the people with the South. This result will be accelerated by the construction, now rapidly progressing, of the Southern Pacific Railway, which, on account of the low latitude traversed presents it equally convenient and practicable for cotton to the Pacific coast, and fabrics, groceries, woolly goods, &c., between the coast, and cotton, woolly goods, &c., between the coast, and cotton, woolly goods, &c., between the coast, and cotton

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

The Gallows Cheated.

Two negroes, Mordecia and Griffice, were to have been executed at 11 o'clock of last Friday, for the brutal murder of a storekeeper near Raleigh, North Carolina. All was in readiness for the scaffold tragedy, when Deputy Sheriff Magnan, at ten A. M., just one hour previous to the hour of execution, entered the cell with

GOVERNOR CALDWELL'S COMMUTATION OF SENTENCE

and read it to them. They were, at once, wild with joy, shouting peculiar hallelujahs, such as "Glory to God!" and "God bless the Governor." The wives and friends outside of the jail enclosure, quickly caught up the note of glad tidings and a general revival ensued, amid great excitement, prayer, handshaking and wild manifestations of extreme pleasure. Of the two who stood the awful ordeal staring them in the face, Griffice was the strongest. Mordecai for several days had completely despaired of mercy, and had lain in his cell more dead than alive, and apparently half crazy from fear. After the reading of the Governor's commutation to imprisonment for life the condemned were taken by a deputy sheriff to the penitentiary, one mile distant, where they are now safely lodged.

Harrisburg's Fascinating Woman.

In Harrisburg there is a fascinating woman who has been married four times within ten years, and there are at least a dozen men so anxious to get her that they have remained bachelors in the hope that her last husband would follow in the footsteps of his illustrious predecessors. Sure enough, a few weeks ago the man died, and all these fellows began immediately to prepare for opening the campaign against the widow.

One man, named Hyde, determined to have the first chance; so he jammed himself into the widow's carriage on the way home from the funeral. Taking her hand and looking with tender glances upon the handkerchief with which she sobbed her dutiful tears, he asked her to be his—to let him take the place of the dear departed, and to comfort her in her bereavement. The widow removed her handkerchief, blew her nose gently and said:

"Mr. Hyde, I should gladly consider your offer, and perhaps I might have accepted it, but you are too late; the minister proposed to me in the graveyard while you were lowering the coffin, and I said, 'Yes!' But I will tell you what I will do: I'll give you the first chance after he dies!"

Mr. Hyde said he would wait.

END OF THE EXCHANGE SYSTEM.—The New York Sun takes the lead in dealing the death-blow to the exchange system. "From and after the 1st of July next," says the editor, "The Sun will cease to be sent in exchange to any other paper, and will not receive exchanges. For all papers in different parts of the country that we require, we propose to subscribe and pay, just like any other subscriber; and all our friends who desire to have The Sun can procure it upon the same conditions." This is business-like and just. Later in the season, no doubt other journals will follow The Sun's example, and effectually put an end to an already useless feature of American Journalism.—*Newark Advertiser.*

☞ The Rochester Union in speaking of the destruction of the Terrapin Tower on Goat Island at Niagara Falls, states that it was leveled with four kegs of powder. Two attempts were made to blow it down, the first shaking it severely and throwing the top off, the second splitting it in two, in which condition it was left standing when the third and last levelled it to the ground. The tower was erected by Judge Porter in the year 1838.

☞ Ralph Waldo Emerson, on his return to his home in Concord, Tuesday, met with a cordial welcome from his fellow-townsmen, many of whom turned out in a body, and, forming a procession of the school children, escorted him to the new house which has been erected during his absence.

THE humorist of the Danbury News sensibly declines an invitation, backed up by abundant shekels, to go to Gotham. He says New York life is like fresh oranges, but it very quickly sucks them dry and throws them away.

Reading Notices.

THE patient soon feels as if he had taken a new lease of life, and is overjoyed to find the depressed feeling dissipated, the costive habits corrected, and new streams of health coursing through his veins, by using SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR.

june10–deod1w&w1t.

DR. TUTT'S LIVER PILLS act as gently on the most delicate female as upon the most vigorous system. Sold everywhere. Price 25 Cents.

june10–d1w&w1t

IT IS IMPOSSIBLE to ignore those terrible nameless diseases that annually sweep so many hapless victims in the grave. We are compelled to recognize them, and it is the Good Samaritan's duty to try and cure them. HELMBOLD'S BUCHU stands unrivalled for all such diseases. Get the genuine, which has proprietor's private proprietary stamp. Beware of counterfeits. John F. Henry, New York, Sole Agent;

june 6–d1w

FOR Loss of Appetite, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Depression of Spirits and General Debility, in their various forms, PERRO-PHOSPHORATED ELIXIR of CALISAYA made by CASWELL, HAZARD & Co., New York, and sold by all druggists, is the best. As a stimulant tonic for patients recovering from fever or other sickness, it has no equal. If taken during the season it prevents fever and ague and other intermittent fevers.

june2–d4w&w6w

AGENTS WANTED everywhere to sell our new and novel Embroidering Machine. Send for illustrated circular, to the McKee Manufacturing Company, 309 Broadway, New York. may15-deod&wly.

WAGES FOR ALL WHO ARE WILLING TO WORK.—Any person, old or young, of either sex, can make from $10 to $50 per week, at home day or evening. Wanted by all. Suitable to either City or Country, and any season of the year. This is a rare opportunity for those who are out of work, and out of money, to make an independent living. No capital being required. Our pamphlet, "How to Make a Living," giving full instructions sent on receipt of 10 cents. Address A. Burton & Co., Morrisania, Westchester county, N. Y. may 15-deod&wly

NERVOUS DEBILITY.—A depressed, irritated state of mind; a weak, nervous, exhausted feeling; no energy or animation; confused head, weak memory, often with debilitating, involuntary discharges. The consequence of excesses, mental overwork or indiscretions. This nervous debility finds a sovereign cure in Humphrey's Homeopathic specific, No 28. It tones up the system, arrests discharges, dispels the mental gloom and despondency, and rejuvenates the entire system. It is perfectly harmless and always efficient. Price $1, for a package of five boxes and a large $2 vial of powder, which is important in old, serious cases; or $1 per single box. Sold by all druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price. Address Humphrey's Specific Homeopathic Medicine Co, No. 562 Broadway, N. Y.

For sale by COLLIER & VENABLE, T. SCHUMANN and HENRY G. POPE.

apr15–d3taw&wly. Atlanta, Ga.

"A FRIEND in need is a friend indeed;" and such a friend is HELMBOLD'S BUCHU to the unfortunate sufferer who has been sowing his wild oats. Warranted to cure all diseases of the kidneys and urinary organs. Look out for counterfeits. Genuine has private proprietary stamp of H. T. Helmbold on each bottle. Directions accompany. Sold by all druggists. John F. Henry, New York, Sole Agent. june3—deod1y

BACHELORS' HAIR DYE.—This superb Hair Dye is the best in the world—perfectly harmless, reliable and instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints or disagreeable odor. The genuine WM. A. BATCHELOR'S Hair Dye produces immediately a splendid black or natural brown, leaves the hair clean, soft, beautiful; does not contain a particle of lead or any injurious compound. Sold by all druggists. Factory, 16 BOND STREET, N. Y. oct8—d1y New York.

Removal of Dental Office.

I HAVE just removed my office from Whitehall street to the corner of Broad and Alabama streets, over the Atlanta Bookstore, where I have rented the whole second floor. I can offer my patrons a much more private and convenient office than heretofore. ARTHUR C. FORD, D. D. S.

june1-deod1w

THE CONCENTRATED VEGETABLE SPECIFIC is a true Purifier of the Blood. It thoroughly neutralizes and eliminates from the system the specific virus which causes such a long list of human suffering.

In every form of scrofulous, mercurial and constitutional blood complaints it stands without compare, rapidly curing ulcers, pustules, carbuncles, scald head, salt rheum, and the 28 different varieties of skin affections. It is a positive curative for scrofula, and the deadly poison of mercury, lead and arsenic, quickly eliminates them from the system. The Fluid Extract of Queens delight, prepared by Dr. J. S. Pemberton, has made the most wonderful and astonishing cures. Its purifying, vivifying and tonic properties exercise the quickest and most powerful effects in restoring health. It is harmless to the most delicate, and can never be used amiss. It is the true beautifier of the complexion. If you want pure rich blood, clear skin and beautiful complexion, use the Compound Extract of Stillingia or Queens Delight. Read our treatise on diseases of the blood. The genuine has the signature of the proprietor upon each label.

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SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS.—These pills are composed exclusively of vegetable ingredients, and although entirely supersede the use of mercury, do not leave any of its injurious effects upon the constitution, but act directly upon the liver, and are a reliable remedy in all cases of derangement of the digestive organs, from a disordered state of the stomach, Liver Complaint, Bilious Disorders, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Typhoid Fevers, etc., all succumb to the free use of Schenck's Mandrake Pills. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers.

J. H. SCHENCK & SON,
N. E. corner Sixth and Arch streets, Philadelphia.
may5— 4cr25–deodly

WHY WILL YE DIE?—Death, or what is worse, is the inevitable result of continued suspension of the menstrual flow. It is a condition which should not be trifled with. Immediate relief is the only safeguard against constitutional ruin. In all cases of suppression, suspension or other irregularity of the "courses," Dr. J. Bradfield's Female Regulator is the only sure remedy. It acts by giving tone to the nervous centres, improving the blood and determining directly to the organs of menstruation. It is a legitimate prescription, and the most intelligent Doctors use it. Prepared by J. H. Bradfield, druggist, Atlanta, Ga; $1 00 per bottle, and sold by respectable druggists everywhere.

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MR. L. H. BRADFIELD—Sir: Please forward us, immediately, another supply of BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR. We find it to be all that is claimed for it, and we have witnessed the most decided and happy effects produced by it. Very respectfully,

HUNTER & ALEXANDER.

I could add a thousand other certificates; but I consider the above amply sufficient proof of its virtue. All I ask is a trial.

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mar30-eodlyr

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Careful drivers. Terms moderate.
feb27–d3m

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Has long been regarded as the best article of Baking Powder in use. Perfectly pure and healthful in its nature, of short notice, delicious Biscuits, Rolls, &c. There need be no waste of food prepared with it, as it is always of the best quality. We would say to those who have never used it, just a trial of five ounces, and to use it, and only it, unless satisfaction, but prize worthy.
Put up FULL WEIGHT, and as represented.
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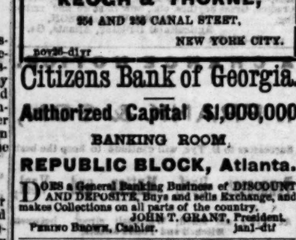
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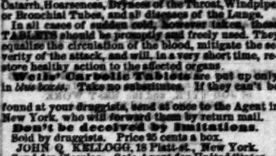

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